

# THE EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

TWELFTH YEAR. NO. 149.

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1896.

TWO CENTS

## DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF EAST LIVERPOOL.

### The Heavy Rain

did not keep away the jolly crowds of bargain buyers, the first day of our **Grand Closing Out Removal Sale**. They were here in full force, went away happy, and promised to return, bringing their friends with them. The result of this medium of advertising was a bigger crowd today than yesterday, and why we will have bigger crowds next week than this week, and why not—there's money in it for the crowds if not for us.

#### READ THIS BRIEF LIST:

- Ladies' and Children's Wraps at after-Christmas prices.
- Dress Goods—Every yard sold a big bargain.
- Every Remnant in the store at Half Price.
- ONE-FOURTH OFF on all Laces, Embroideries and Muslin Underwear.
- Yard wide Muslins at 3½c.
- 6c Calicos, 25 styles, 3½c.
- Best Apron Gingham, 4½c.
- ONE-THIRD OFF on all odd sizes of Underwear.

If our space was not limited, we could go on indefinitely, but enough has been said to give an idea of how we are selling goods. There is no article reserved; everything must be sold, even our fixtures. We mean business. Come and see for yourself.

### The Boston Store.

A. S. YOUNG,

138 and 140 Fifth Street, East Liverpool, O.

## THE S. G. HARD CO. THE BIG STORE.

ANOTHER LOT OF THESE  
CELEBRATED  
WARDROBES

has been received, and we will continue to sell them at the phenomenally low price of \$5.00 each.

This is the greatest seller we have had this season. 'Tis just what the people want and need.

Though it holds a great deal of clothing by means of the revolving hanger any piece can be removed without disturbing the contents.

It don't weigh much. It don't take up much floor space (24 inches only.)

It is finished on all sides; so can be stood anywhere in the room or hall. In short, it is just the thing to keep your clothing out of sight and away from the dust.

Last, but not least, at the price

### \$5.00

you cannot afford to not have one.

## HOLIDAY GOODS

arriving daily and are being sold so low that you can fit up your house this year with FURNITURE, CARPETS and PICTURES for what it cost for trinkets other years.

Have you seen our Holiday Goods and Holiday prices?

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#### RAILROAD WANTS A BIG PARTY

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It is more than probable that a number of Major McKinley's personal friends in this city will take a special car, journey to Washington, and see the inaugural ceremonies with all the comfort money can buy.

That is the plan now being considered, and the railroad's officials are only anxious to push the movement along. It was learned today that the scheme has been considered for some time by several leading residents who want to go to Washington. The idea is to have the company send a Pullman to town, fill it with those who have been decided upon, and then make a journey which will, to say the least, be memorable. In this manner a better rate can be secured, and the party will be assured the privacy and comforts of their own car. Two gentlemen, prominently connected with the passenger department of the Pennsylvania company, were in the city a day or two ago talking the matter over with some of Major McKinley's friends and promising to do the right thing in the way of rates and service. It is not yet known what will be the outcome of the movement, but it seems certain the party will be formed.

#### WERE INSPECTED.

The Sons of Veterans Made a Splendid Appearance.

Colonel MacKenzie inspected the Sons of Veterans last night, and they elected the following officers: Captain, F. W. Timmons; first lieutenant, W. R. Dawson; second lieutenant, T. C. McConnell; camp council, H. R. Thompson, J. J. Rose, George Obney; delegate, James Heckathorn; alternate, W. R. Dawson.

The inspection was a success from every standpoint, and it is expected the rating will be even better than that of last year. A number of the Grand Army comrades visited the camp, and when all sat down to the appetizing supper they made a large and happy company.

#### THE GREENEYED MONSTER

Caused George Heckathorn to Tell His Story.

Mayor Gilbert, Chief Johnson and a News Review representative called on Heckathorn at Lisbon jail yesterday. He was as cheerful as though liberty, instead of four years of imprisonment was before him, and inquired about some old coins taken from him when he was arrested.

The opinion prevails that jealousy prompted Heckathorn to tell his story. Orin, he imagined, was being especially favored when he was released on bail, and Heckathorn was evening up matters. It was generally conceded about the court house that Attorney J. H. Brookes would have saved Orin had it not been for Heckathorn's confession.

#### "WE OBJECT,"

Say the People Who Walk in Soft, Sticky Clay.

People residing in the upper part of the city come to the front with a kick of monstrous proportions. Teamsters hauling clay from the banks in Bradshaw addition are annoying everyone by the careless manner in which they drive across unpaved crossings, cutting up what little pathway there happens to be, and leaving the clay, jolted from the wagons, on the street. It soon becomes a pasty, sticky mass, through which pedestrians are compelled to go. The practice should be stopped.

#### THEY DON'T WANT HER.

Nora Clendenning Released From the Industrial School.

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Now There Is Sorrow In the Heart of Harvey Barnhart.

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#### IN STEUBENVILLE.

Will the Next Meeting of the Teachers' Association Be Held.

The next meeting of the Eastern Ohio Teachers' association will be held in Steubenville on Friday and Saturday following next Thanksgiving. The following are the officers for the year: President, C. S. Hopkinson, of Zanesville; vice president, Miss Nettie Eaton, of Barnesville; secretary, Miss Cora Whipple, of McConnellsville; executive committee, Professor Matthews, of Steubenville, Professor J. V. McMillan, of Dennison, and Professor S. P. Wheeler, of Macksburg.

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A sportsman, who believes the game laws should be closely obeyed, is responsible for the statement that hunters are breaking the statute every day. Out on Beaver creek there have been many infractions, and there seems to be no disposition to follow the command of the state. He believes that the authorities should make a few examples of some of the leaders, and it would have a good effect on the others.

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It is probable a tennis club will be organized in the city before next spring. The matter is being pushed by Robert Hall, Jr., and will undoubtedly be a success. A ground has been secured a short distance above East End, and the club will be known as the Dry Run Country club, with George Anderson as president and W. F. Steele secretary.

#### NO EFFORT

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#### GOOD PROSPECTS

For a Paying Strike Out on the Henry Farm.

The Williams well on the Henry farm has reached a depth of 350 feet, and the work of casing it will be commenced tomorrow. The outlook for both oil and gas is good, but the prospect for gas is unusually bright, and the drillers are much encouraged.

### A LIFE OF ACCIDENT

Was Ended By a Passenger Train at Cumberland.

#### SAMUEL BEEBOUT RUN DOWN

He Was in Early Life a Well Digger Well Known in This City, and Was the Victim of Many Mishaps in His Seventy-Four Years.

Samuel Beebout, an old resident of Hancock county who was well known in this city, was struck by a passenger train in New Cumberland yesterday evening and killed.

Mr. Beebout's hearing was not of the best, and he walked on the railroad in front of a passenger train on the branch. He came out of an alley, and the engineer could not stop in time to prevent the accident. He was thrown off the track and his head crushed, killing him instantly.

Beebout was well known in this city, where he had a number of relatives. Years ago he was known as the best well digger for many miles around, and the people of Grant district seldom thought of having a well put down without consulting him. He was very unfortunate, and no less than three times was severely injured by falling into wells. On another occasion he was almost killed while picking apples opposite Yellow creek. He fell out of a tree 40 feet from the ground, and sustained dangerous injuries. His worst mishap was when employed at one of the clay mines near Cumberland he dropped 50 feet off the tippie. He was hauling clay in one of the carts commonly used at that time, and when he fell the cart went with him. He was frightfully hurt, but careful nursing made him well. When the war began he was among the first in his vicinity to enlist.

#### FOR FIVE HOURS

The Jury Wrestled With the Williamson Case.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—The jury, after being out five hours in the case of William Williamson for assault with intent to kill Doctor Gardner, May 26, brought in a verdict of assault and battery. He has not yet been sentenced, and a motion for a new trial will probably be entered.

Mrs. Maria Ohlendorf has commenced divorce proceedings against her husband, Fred Ohlendorf, who deserted her 18 months ago. The couple have been married nine years, and the petition alleges drunkenness and gross neglect. Ohlendorf left them in March, '95, without money, and the lady has been supporting herself and child by working in the potteries, and on numerous occasions has suffered for the necessities of life. The lady also asks that her maiden name, Maria Slick, be restored.

John Williard, a saloonist of this place, was fined \$10 and costs this morning for selling liquor to a minor.

#### AN AGED RESIDENT.

Mrs. Susan Bates Died at an Early Hour Today.

Mrs. Susan Bates, aged 63 years, died at her home on Lincoln avenue this morning from an attack of heart trouble. Deceased has been ailing for three months, but her condition was not considered serious until last Saturday evening. Mrs. Bates came to this country from Scotland 30 years ago, and has resided in East Liverpool more than 20 years. Deceased was a member of St. Aloysius church, and was widely known. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed. A brother, George McCurran, and her husband George and four children, George, Maggie, John and Mary are left.

#### LIGHT FOR THE TOWER.

Councilmen Had It in Mind When the Contract Was Made.

"For the benefit of a taxpayer, you might say," said President Purinton this afternoon, "that the committee who drafted those specifications for the light company, in placing 50 incandescent lights in the contract did so with a view of placing light in the clock tower. If the contract is entered into, there will be enough incandescents placed in the tower to light the faces sufficiently, but there will be no light there." The other lights will be used in the fire department and city hall, and if any are left they will go to the water works.

#### A NEW COMMISSIONER.

Chairman Kent Has Taken James Finley's Place.

Chairman Kent, of the street committee, is filling the place of Commissioner Finley while the latter is off duty, and this morning put the force to work re-

pairing the board walks in West End and hauling cinders to Huston road. Mr. Kent says that while he is commissioner he intends to see if he can repair Huston road, so that the residents will not call on council next Tuesday evening.

#### GOING HOME.

The Lutheran Ministers Have Completed Their Labors.

The Lutheran conference came to an end this afternoon, and the ministers will leave for their homes this evening. The calling away of Reverend Reinartz by the death of Doctor Epling was severely felt by the ministers, but the program yesterday afternoon was carried out. Vesper services, conducted by Rev. L. D. Reed, marked the opening of the meeting last night, and were followed by "What Does Our New Church Mean to Us?" an excellent sermon by Rev. Ivan Dietrich.

For 20 minutes he spoke eloquently in German. The principal sermon of the evening came from Dr. Geissinger, pastor of the First church, Pittsburgh. "What is Lutheranism," was his subject, and he dealt with it as he only can. He explained the historical, doctrinal and practical teachings of the church, and with a beauty of thought seldom surpassed, pointed out the great good of their organization. The church was filled with an intensely interested audience.

The committees appointed yesterday made their reports this morning, and a vote of thanks was given the congregation for the hospitable manner in which the conference has been entertained. The sermon by Rev. J. C. N. Park was interesting, and the essay of Rev. J. Ash, with Rev. R. R. Durst as speaker made up one of the best and most interesting events of the conference. "The Office of Deaconess in the Congregation," was discussed by Rev. C. B. Lintwed and Rev. T. S. Brown, this afternoon.

The principal business was the reading of the constitution recently prepared by a committee. When this was over, and other important business had been disposed of, the conference adjourned. Several ministers left for their homes at noon. Reverend and Mrs. Smith will remain with the family of Reverend Reinartz until Saturday.

#### MR. FINLEY IS BETTER.

But the City Commissioner Has a Very Sore Head.

Commissioner Finley is somewhat better today, but his head is still very sore. While his force was at work in California hollow the commissioner took up a pick and began to dig. He was working toward Alex Bryan, who was also digging, and before Bryan noticed they were so close his pick had descended. Instead of striking the ground it hit the commissioner, going through his hat, and making a nasty wound. It was feared at first the injury would result seriously.

#### SOLD THE BONDS.

One Good Result of the Republican Victory.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—The county seat tried for the third time to sell \$22,000 in school bonds, and succeeded, 13 bidders offering a premium ranging from \$160 to \$666.66. Rudolph, Diebold & Co., of Cincinnati were the successful bidders. The bonds were advertised in the same papers twice before the election, but not a bid was received. The contract will be let at once.

#### A GOOD SHOWING.

One Pottery Collected More Than It Sold.

There was joy in a pottery the other day when the bookkeeper announced that for the first time in several years the concern had collected more money in a given time than it had sold in ware, that collections were at last becoming less of a burden. The same condition is general. Dealers are paying much more promptly than in the past, and money is a little less hard to get.

#### MASONIC OFFICERS.

They Were Elected Last Night, and Will Serve a Year.

Riddle lodge, Masons, met last evening, and elected the following officers, who will serve during the coming year: Worshipful master, John Stamm; senior warden, F. E. Grosshans; junior warden, Sherman Herbert; treasurer, Jacob Shenkle; secretary, J. F. Manor; senior deacon, Chris Horton; junior deacon, Henry Joseph; tyler, J. E. Brookes.

#### A Leap Year Party.

The residence of Henry Salsbury on Jackson square was the scene of a pleasant leap year party last evening.

#### A Daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hine, Jackson street, yesterday afternoon—a daughter.

### VEHICLE TAX ILLEGAL

But Those Who Have Paid Cannot Recover.

#### THE PAYMENT WAS VOLUNTARY

Therefore, Judge Smith Holds, the City Is Not Compelled to Return a Dollar of the Licenses Collected—The Case of Robert Hailes Finally Settled.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—A decision rendered by Judge Smith last night, in the case of Robert Hailes against the city of East Liverpool, is of more than passing interest as bearing on the constitutionality of the vehicle ordinance passed last spring.

Hailes is one of probably 500 citizens who were compelled to pay the \$3 tax on vehicles through the enforcement of the ordinance, and brought the suit as a test case to recover the amount. The case was heard on a demurrer filed by the city through Solicitor Grosshans, the demurrer claiming that the action should be dismissed simply on the ground that the plaintiff had made a voluntary payment of the tax and therefore could not recover a judgment. The court held that undoubtedly, so far as this plaintiff was concerned, the ordinance was unconstitutional, but that, even this being the case, if it was found or determined that the payment of the tax by Hailes was made without coercion, no relief could be had by him. All facts bearing upon the case were carefully reviewed by the court, and in rendering his decision Judge Smith stated that Hailes, in his opinion, when he paid the tax surely knew that he was not and could not possibly be in any danger by reason of the ordinance, was at the time possessed of all his faculties, and knew what he was about when he paid the assessment, and in paying it waived all right to litigate or recover. The demurrer was promptly sustained and the action dismissed.

#### WHAT IT MEANS.

President Purinton's View of the Decision.

"The decision means," said President J. J. Purinton, "that the special act under which the vehicle ordinance was passed is unconstitutional, and that those who have paid will not get their money back as it was paid voluntarily. This applies to the owners of vehicles for private use only. There is a general law governing undertakers, livermen, etc. Council will certainly hold on to what was collected, but can't collect any more. The decision will necessitate a change in the ordinance."

#### NO WITNESSES.

The Friends of Edward Schneider Forgot to Appear.

The assault and battery case of Grant McKinnon against Edward Schneider, was listed for trial at Lisbon today, but it may be postponed, because no witnesses for the defense was present. This afternoon Deputy Creighton was hunting them. Mayor Gilbert was subpoenaed on this case, and is at the county seat today.

#### To Meet in Canton.

The officers of the Eighth regiment will meet in the Hurford hotel, in Canton, Friday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, and decide what arrangements will be necessary for the trip to Washington. Captain Hill will be present. He has been officially notified that the Eighth has been chosen to act as part of the escort of President McKinley.

#### Scared a Horse.

A horse owned by E. McPherson, of Cannon's Mill, broke from a post in the Diamond this afternoon and tried to run away. The animal was scared by the stream of water that came from a fire plug as it was being flushed. The frightened horse was pacified, but not before a portion of the harness was broken.

#### Never Found the Bullet.

Edward Marrion, the young man who was shot in the arm a short time ago by the accidental discharge of a revolver, has almost recovered. The ball is still lost, but his arm gives him no pain. The young man is able to use the injured arm.

#### Working For Freedom.

There are but three prisoners in the lockup, the others having paid their fines. William Quinn is working to secure his freedom by cleaning city hall.

#### Entertained Friends.

Miss Nettie Hughes and Miss Luella McKinnon entertained a number of friends at their rooms last evening.



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Samuel Beebout, an old resident of Hancock county who was well known in this city, was struck by a passenger train in New Cumberland yesterday evening and killed.

Mr. Beebout's hearing was not of the best, and he walked on the railroad in front of a passenger train on the branch. He came out of an alley, and the engineer could not stop in time to prevent the accident. He was thrown off the track and his head crushed, killing him instantly.

Beebout was well known in this city, where he had a number of relatives. Years ago he was known as the best well digger for many miles around, and the people of Grant district seldom thought of having a well put down without consulting him. He was very unfortunate, and no less than three times was severely injured by falling into wells. On another occasion he was almost killed while picking apples opposite Yellow creek. He fell out of a tree 40 feet from the ground, and sustained dangerous injuries. His worst mishap was when employed at one of the clay mines near Cumberland he dropped 50 feet off the tippie. He was hauling clay in one of the carts commonly used at that time, and when he fell the cart went with him. He was frightfully hurt, but careful nursing made him well. When the war began he was among the first in his vicinity to enlist.

#### FOR FIVE HOURS

The Jury Wrestled With the Williamson Case.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—The jury, after being out five hours in the case of William Williamson for assault with intent to kill Doctor Gardner, May 26, brought in a verdict of assault and battery. He has not yet been sentenced, and a motion for a new trial will probably be entered.

Mrs. Maria Ohlendorf has commenced divorce proceedings against her husband, Fred Ohlendorf, who deserted her 18 months ago. The couple have been married nine years, and the petition alleges drunkenness and gross neglect. Ohlendorf left them in March, '95, without money, and the lady has been supporting herself and child by working in the potteries, and on numerous occasions has suffered for the necessities of life. The lady also asks that her maiden name, Maria Slick, be restored.

John Willard, a saloonist of this place, was fined \$10 and costs this morning for selling liquor to a minor.

#### AN AGED RESIDENT.

Mrs. Susan Bates Died at an Early Hour Today.

Mrs. Susan Bates, aged 63 years, died at her home on Lincoln avenue this morning from an attack of heart trouble. Deceased has been ailing for three months, but her condition was not considered serious until last Saturday evening. Mrs. Bates came to this country from Scotland 30 years ago, and has resided in East Liverpool more than 20 years. Deceased was a member of St. Aloysius church, and was widely known. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed. A brother, George McCurran, and her husband George and four children, George, Maggie, John and Mary are left.

#### LIGHT FOR THE TOWER.

Councilmen Had It in Mind When the Contract Was Made.

"For the benefit of a taxpayer, you might say," said President Purinton this afternoon, "that the committee who drafted those specifications for the light company, in placing 50 incandescent lights in the contract did so with a view of placing light in the clock tower. If the contract is entered into, there will be enough incandescent placed in the tower to light the faces sufficiently, but there will be no arc light there." The other lights will be used in the fire department and city hall, and if any are left they will go to the water works.

#### A NEW COMMISSIONER.

Chairman Kent Has Taken James Finley's Place.

Chairman Kent, of the street committee, is filling the place of Commissioner Finley while the latter is off duty, and this morning put the force to work re-

pairing the board walks in West End and hauling cinders to Huston road. Mr. Kent says that while he is commissioner he intends to see if he can repair Huston road, so that the residents will not call on council next Tuesday evening.

#### GOING HOME.

The Lutheran Ministers Have Completed Their Labors.

The Lutheran conference came to an end this afternoon, and the ministers will leave for their homes this evening. The calling away of Reverend Reinartz by the death of Doctor Epling was severely felt by the ministers, but the program yesterday afternoon was carried out. Vesper services, conducted by Rev. L. D. Reed, marked the opening of the meeting last night, and were followed by "What Does Our New Church Mean to Us?" an excellent sermon by Rev. Ivan Dietrich. For 20 minutes he spoke eloquently in German. The principal sermon of the evening came from Dr. Geissinger, pastor of the First church, Pittsburgh. "What is Lutheranism," was his subject, and he dealt with it as he only can. He explained the historical, doctrinal and practical teachings of the church, and with a beauty of thought seldom surpassed, pointed out the great good of their organization. The church was filled with an intensely interested audience.

The committees appointed yesterday made their reports this morning, and a vote of thanks was given the congregation for the hospitable manner in which the conference has been entertained. The sermon by Rev. J. C. N. Park was interesting, and the essay of Rev. J. Ash, with Rev. R. R. Durst as speaker made up one of the best and most interesting events of the conference. "The Office of Deaconess in the Congregation," was discussed by Rev. C. B. Lintwood and Rev. T. S. Brown, this afternoon.

The principal business was the reading of the constitution recently prepared by a committee. When this was over, and other important business had been disposed of, the conference adjourned. Several ministers left for their homes at noon. Reverend and Mrs. Smith will remain with the family of Reverend Reinartz until Saturday.

#### MR. FINLEY IS BETTER.

But the City Commissioner Has a Very Sore Head.

Commissioner Finley is somewhat better today, but his head is still very sore. While his force was at work in California hollow the commissioner took up a pick and began to dig. He was working toward Alex Bryan, who was also digging, and before Bryan noticed they were so close his pick had descended. Instead of striking the ground it hit the commissioner, going through his hat, and making a nasty wound. It was feared at first the injury would result seriously.

#### SOLD THE BONDS.

One Good Result of the Republican Victory.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—The county seat tried for the third time to sell \$22,000 in school bonds, and succeeded, 13 bidders offering a premium ranging from \$160 to \$666.66. Rudolph, Diebold & Co., of Cincinnati were the successful bidders. The bonds were advertised in the same papers twice before the election, but not a bid was received. The contract will be let at once.

#### A GOOD SHOWING.

One Pottery Collected More Than It Sold.

There was joy in a pottery the other day when the bookkeeper announced that for the first time in several years the concern had collected more money in a given time than it had sold in ware, that collections were at last becoming less of a burden. The same condition is general. Dealers are paying much more promptly than in the past, and money is a little less hard to get.

#### MASONIC OFFICERS.

They Were Elected Last Night, and Will Serve a Year.

Riddle lodge, Masons, met last evening, and elected the following officers, who will serve during the coming year: Worshipful master, John Stamm; senior warden, F. E. Grosshans; junior warden, Sherman Herbert; treasurer, Jacob Shenkle; secretary, J. F. Manor; senior deacon, Chris Horton; junior deacon, Henry Joseph; tyler, J. E. Brooks.

#### A Leap Year Party.

The residence of Henry Salisbury on Jackson square was the scene of a pleasant leap year party last evening.

#### A Daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hine, Jackson street, yesterday afternoon—a daughter.

### VEHICLE TAX ILLEGAL

But Those Who Have Paid Cannot Recover.

#### THE PAYMENT WAS VOLUNTARY

Therefore, Judge Smith Holds, the City Is Not Compelled to Return a Dollar of the Licenses Collected—The Case of Robert Hailes Finally Settled.

LISBON, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—A decision rendered by Judge Smith last night, in the case of Robert Hailes against the city of East Liverpool, is of more than passing interest as bearing on the constitutionality of the vehicle ordinance passed last spring.

Hailes is one of probably 500 citizens who were compelled to pay the \$3 tax on vehicles through the enforcement of the ordinance, and brought the suit as a test case to recover the amount. The case was heard on a demurrer filed by the city through Solicitor Grosshans, the demurrer claiming that the action should be dismissed simply on the ground that the plaintiff had made a voluntary payment of the tax and therefore could not recover a judgment. The court held that undoubtedly, so far as this plaintiff was concerned, the ordinance was unconstitutional, but that, even this being the case, if it was found or determined that the payment of the tax by Hailes was made without coercion, no relief could be had by him. All facts bearing upon the case were carefully reviewed by the court, and in rendering his decision Judge Smith stated that Hailes, in his opinion, when he paid the tax surely knew that he was not and could not possibly be in any danger by reason of the ordinance, was at the time possessed of all his faculties, and knew what he was about when he paid the assessment, and in paying it waived all right to litigate or recover. The demurrer was promptly sustained and the action dismissed.

#### WHAT IT MEANS.

President Purinton's View of the Decision.

"The decision means," said President J. J. Purinton, "that the special act under which the vehicle ordinance was passed is unconstitutional, and that those who have paid will not get their money back as it was paid voluntarily. This applies to the owners of vehicles for private use only. There is a general law governing undertakers, liverymen, etc. Council will certainly hold on to what was collected, but can't collect any more. The decision will necessitate a change in the ordinance."

#### NO WITNESSES.

The Friends of Edward Schneider Forgo to Appear.

The assault and battery case of Grant McKinnon against Edward Schneider, was listed for trial at Lisbon today, but it may be postponed, because no witnesses for the defense was present. This afternoon Deputy Creighton was hunting them. Mayor Gilbert was subpoenaed on this case, and is at the county seat today.

#### To Meet in Canton.

The officers of the Eighth regiment will meet in the Hurford hotel, in Canton, Friday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, and decide what arrangements will be necessary for the trip to Washington. Captain Hill will be present. He has been officially notified that the Eighth has been chosen to act as part of the escort of President McKinley.

#### Scared a Horse.

A horse owned by E. McPherson, of Cannon's Mill, broke from a post in the Diamond this afternoon and tried to run away. The animal was scared by the stream of water that came from a fire plug as it was being flushed. The frightened horse was pacified, but not before a portion of the harness was broken.

#### Never Found the Bullet.

Edward Marrion, the young man who was shot in the arm a short time ago by the accidental discharge of a revolver, has almost recovered. The ball is still lost, but his arm gives him no pain. The young man is able to use the injured arm.

#### Working For Freedom.

There are but three prisoners in the lockup, the others having paid their fines. William Quinn is working to secure his freedom by cleaning city hall.

#### Entertained Friends.

Miss Nettie Hughes and Miss Luella McKinnon entertained a number of friends at their rooms last evening.



# FOR THE COLD WAVE.

## ZERO PRICES.

24 STORM OVERCOATS; BIG, HIGH COLLAR, Coat 52 inches in length; woolen goods, \$4.50 worth \$7.00. Zero Price

18 MEN'S BLACK BEAVER AND KERSEY Overcoats, worth \$9. Zero Price \$6.00

100 MEN'S OVERCOATS, FINE ALL WOOL Kersey, Melton, Beaver Goods, Trimmed \$10 and Made No. 1, a High Grade Overcoat, worth from \$13 to \$15. Zero Price

250 FINEST CASSIMERE, CHEVIOT, WORSTED, Fancy Mixed or Plain Goods, Men's \$10 Suits, worth \$15. Zero Price

84 DOZEN MEN'S WOOLEN AND FINE MERINO Underwear, in White or Colored, worth 75 cents. Zero Price 48¢

Zero Prices in Gloves.

Zero Prices in Caps.

Zero Prices in Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

## JOSEPH BROS.

Store open every evening until 8 o'clock for the month of December, Saturdays as usual.

## ICE INSPIRES TERROR.

Wisconsin People Badly Scared by the Big Gorge.

TOWN LIKELY TO BE SWEEPED AWAY.

Chippewa Falls Already Flooded and Likely to Be Wiped Out When the Gorge Breaks—Another Gorge Forming, Which Increases the Danger.

CHIPPWEA FALLS, Wis., Dec. 2.—The inhabitants of this little village are in a state bordering on panic. The worst of the situation is the knowledge of the impending danger and of the fact that they are utterly helpless to stay or to avert it. Those whose houses have been flooded have removed such of their household goods and belongings to higher ground and are huddled together in the schoolhouses and other vacant buildings out of the path of the torrent that is sweeping down several of the main streets.

All hope of breaking the ice gorge and thus allowing the pent-up water to gradually subside is now abandoned. All efforts have been directed toward removing household goods and merchandise out of the reach of the flood. Every team in the city has been engaged in this work. Every resident and business firm of River street has moved out. The Chippewa Lumber and Boom company's mill and yards are under water and all hope has been given up of saving the entire business portion of the place from being submerged and the water will soon reach the courthouse, eight blocks from the river.

A report from Little Falls says that another gorge is forming 30 miles above here and this greatly added to the alarm as in case it should break, nothing could save the city from being swept away.

Reports of a very serious nature come from down the river. The country everywhere is flooded. The gorge continues to grow in extent. It is now over five miles long and in many places 30 to 50 feet high. It completely dams the river and this is what is causing the rapid rise of the river here. The heavy rains of last week were followed by a sudden freeze, which quickly massed the floating ice in the Chippewa and the swiftly running current continually added to it until it reached its present gigantic proportions. Below here the Chippewa is falling.

There is no flood at Eau Claire, but this fact is causing the people at that place much uneasiness, as it indicates that the water is being piled up as by a dam, above them. The ice pack at Badger Mills, half way between Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls, is growing in extent and everything seems to indicate that the river is choking up.

It is not believed that anything serious can happen under the present conditions for at least a day or two, and it is believed that everyone has been sufficiently warned and is in readiness to fly the moment the crash comes.

### A CURRENCY CONVENTION.

A Non-Partisan Movement Inaugurated by Prominent Men at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—Fifty-two men, representing the boards of trade and commercial bodies of 15 cities of the central west, have met in the Century club rooms at the Dennison and issued a call for a national convention of the commercial bodies of the country to meet in this city Jan. 5, 1897, for the purpose of taking action toward securing from congress a remedy for the ills attending the present currency and banking system. The meeting was non-partisan in its character.

A permanent organization was effected by the election of ex-Governor Stanford of Missouri as chairman, and Secretary Smith of the Indianapolis board of trade as secretary.

The convention will have 1,314 delegates from 448 cities, representation as follows:

Four cities of 1,000,000 and over, 20 each, 80 delegates; 3 cities, from 400,000 to 1,000,000, 10 each, 30 delegates; 9 cities, 200,000 to 400,000 each, 12 delegates; 12 cities, 100,000 to 200,000, six each, 72 delegates; 30 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; 5 each, 150 delegates; 60 cities, 25,000 to 50,000, 4 each, 240 delegates; 92 cities, 15,000 to 25,000, 3 each, 276 delegates; 138 cities, 10,000 to 15,000, 2 each, 276 delegates; 94 cities, 5,000 to 10,000, 1 each, 94 delegates.

Banker Esterly Dropped Dead.

COLUMBIANA, O., Dec. 2.—Johnathan Esterly, a well known banker of this place, aged 68 years, apparently in good health, dropped dead on Main street while on his return to his place of business from dinner. He was born and lived in this vicinity nearly all his life and has been carrying on a banking business for a number of years. He was a widower, leaving four children, one son and three daughters. Mr. Esterly was a staunch friend of Hon. William McKinley.

## CONFESSES HE STOLE DIAMONDS.

A Lebanon (O.) Saloonkeeper Admits the Cincinnati Robbery.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—Thos. Frazier, a saloonkeeper of Lebanon, O., has given himself up to the police, saying that he stole the tray of diamond rings from Oskamp's jewelry store last week. It will be recalled that a thief entered the store and took from the case a tray of rings, which he secreted in an adjoining building, where they were found shortly afterward.

He said he was not able to sleep, and thought it better to confess. He says a sudden impulse seized him to steal the rings. He has been locked up.

New Cabinet Position Proposed.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—The Cincinnati chamber of commerce passed a resolution petitioning congress to create a new cabinet position, that of commerce and manufactures, to be presided over by a secretary. It also passed a resolution appealing to the national board of trade to adopt a like resolution and petition congress as its meeting at Washington Jan. 26, 1897.

Charged With Joy's Murder.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—A charge of murder has been placed against William Farrell and Pat Muldoon, who claimed to have discovered Thomas Joy at Muldoon's door just after he had been fatally shot. It is claimed that several witnesses heard quarreling in Muldoon's saloon just before the shot was fired.

Two Hundred Miners Escaped.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 2.—Mine No. 10 of the Central Ohio Fuel company, near Gloucester, O., has caught fire, burning the tipples and enginehouse and entering the mine. The 200 employees escaped via the air shaft.

HAPPENED IN THIS STATE.

At Gallipolis Oscar Johnston was caught robbing the pharmacy of C. D. Kerr and lies in jail.

William Laclede, a well known machinist, was ground to pieces under a Baltimore and Ohio freight train at Zanesville.

Dr. W. M. Cochran, aged 33, married, died of diphtheria at Butler. There have been no school, church or Sunday school services held for a month on account of the disease.

John Angell of Angell, near Gallipolis, was playing about a firetrap and fell into the grate and was literally roasted before his parents heard his screams. He died suffering agonizing tortures.

As Mr. Aultman Lang was on his way to church at Manchester he was hit in the face with a rock and badly hurt as he was passing a dark alley. The would-be robber ran when he saw that he did not knock his man down.

For over six months Frank Day, a clerk in the Big Four shops at Bellefontaine, and Miss Minna More, a winsome daughter of Mr. F. O. More, have been married and not one of their many friends knew anything about it until now.

Suit has been entered at Tiffin by Mrs. Clara Orwig against William Satchell, for \$1,000 damages, for injuries received from the discharge of a shotgun in the hands of Satchell, who was discharging the gun in a yard adjoining the Orwig yard.

NO HELP TO THE BLIND.

Nikola Tesla Says the X-Ray Cannot Make Them See.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The Electrical Review publishes an exhaustive communication from Nikola Tesla regarding the X-ray. The inventor, in referring to the recently widely heralded experiment for making the blind see by means of the Roentgen rays, regretfully remarks:

"Is it not cruel to raise such hopes when there is so little ground for it? For, first of all, the rays are not demonstrated to be transverse vibrations. If they were, we would have to find means for refracting them to make possible the projection of a sufficiently small image upon the retina. As it is, only a shadow of a very small object can be projected. What possible good can result from the application of these rays to such purposes? I cannot confirm some of the experiments reported. For instance, when a hand is put before the closed eyes it is easy to distinguish the shadow, much the same as before the light of a candle; but, when the tube is inclosed, and all light from the same excluded, I fail to get such an impression. The latter is, therefore, chiefly due to ordinary light."

Wanted a Tariff on Lumber.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—A call for a national convention of lumber interests to be held at Cincinnati, Dec. 15, to urge a restoration of the tariff on lumber has been issued.

The Wire Nail Trust Ended.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—At a meeting of the Wire Nail Manufacturers' association at the Waldorf hotel it was voted to dissolve the organization.

## SAVAGE ISLANDERS.

THE MAN EATING NATIVES OF THE ISLAND OF GUADALCANAR.

Hostile Mountain Tribes That Prevent the Exploration of Territory That the Spanish Discovered Over Three Hundred Years Ago—Persistent Mr. Woodford.

A few years ago the English and the Germans divided the beautiful group of the Solomon islands between themselves and then looked around to see if their new acquisition was really worth anything. They decided that the islands were lovely to the eye and good enough to keep, but that the natives were the wildest and most untamable savages they had ever met. It was all a man's life worth to venture among them.

A gunboat or two have been kept in the neighborhood of late years, but these have not prevented the head hunters and cannibals from looting off a white man's head on every convenient occasion.

The scene of the latest native exploit is the large island of Guadalcanar. Several members of an Austrian scientific expedition, while climbing the mountain known as the Lion's Head early in August, 1896, were attacked by the bushmen or island natives. Five of the party were killed and six were wounded, including two guides and some sailors. A simultaneous attack was made upon the climbers and the small party they had left in camp below. Of course the natives were no match for guns, and they were soon driven into the bush, but not before they had inflicted terrible loss. Among the killed was Baron von Norbeck.

The Lion's head is in the very heart of the island, being almost equidistant between the sides and ends of Guadalcanar. No white man had ever been there before. No white man had ever penetrated the interior before except Mr. C. M. Woodford, and he went only about 15 miles inland, ascending the Aola river. Then he had to turn back for excellent reasons, in which the natives were concerned. But we must not forget poor Benjamin Boyd, who disappeared among the coast woods and was never seen again. It is said that this well to do Briton intended to declare the island annexed to his country on the strength of his landing there. At any rate he landed with his shotgun and said he was going to shoot a mess of pigeons, and that was the last that was ever seen of poor Ben Boyd. For some years presents were made to the coast natives marked "B. B." and "Ben Boyd, we are looking for you," but nothing was ever heard of his fate.

The island is about 80 miles long and 40 wide, and it is one of the southern Solomons, in the British territory. A large map has been made of it, chiefly white, for all that it shows is the coasts, the mouth of the rivers, the mountains that can be seen from the sea, and the two little rivers that Woodford has explored. All the rest is blank. Lion's head is a prominent feature, and it is estimated to be 5,500 feet high. In 1886 Mr. Woodford attempted to reach Lion's head, but was prevented by the hostility of these mountain tribes, who brought the Austrian party to grief, and by the timidity of his guides. But he lived six months among the coast natives at the little town of Aola. By means of most liberal presents he made friends with the natives there. They never stole anything from his hut, and he often induced them to accompany him on small trips into the country.

The people living inland usually ran into the bush when they saw him coming, but their fears were allayed by his native friends, who would shout that he was a good white man who bought butterflies, birds, snakes and stone axes and measured the water. But the people of the mountains still farther inland could not be mollified, and all his attempts to reach Lion's head and the still higher mountain of Lammas resulted in failure. The farther he and his coast natives went up the river Aola in their canoes the more timid his escort became. They rounded every bend in the river with spears poised and keeping a good lookout.

Any white man on the coasts of the Solomon group must be constantly on his guard. If he attempts to go inland and ascend a mountain, his life is hardly worth purchasing, even though a man-of-war may be lying in a neighboring harbor ready to burn a dozen villages if any harm is done. This is the mistake the Austrian party made. The natives are very superstitious about the mountain tops. Some dread object, a huge fish or clam or a devil, always lives there, and woe will betide the whole island if his peace is disturbed.

Cannibalism is very common, and bodies are hawked about for sale from town to town. Not a few white traders and natives coming to the Solomon islands on vessels have been killed solely for their heads, for all these natives, like many other savages in the Pacific, regard a collection of human heads as a treasure beyond price. Men-of-war always visit the coast after these murders, but they are usually unable to capture the culprits, as the natives invariably retire into the bush when they see a warship coming. A while ago the English did catch one of the murderers. They got together a large crowd of the natives, and most impressively shot the criminal, but no deep moral effect seems to have been produced.

In 1888 Mr. Woodford again visited the islands, and again he failed to reach the mountains of Guadalcanar. The Austrians reached the mountains, but paid a terrible price for it. So these islands, discovered by the Spanish more than 300 years ago, are still almost as little known, excepting their coast lines, as the antarctic continent.—New York Sun.

## JENNY LIND'S DEBUT.

Never Has a Prima Donna So Charmed an American Audience.

Hon. A. Oakley Hall writes of "When Jenny Lind Sang in Castle Garden," for The Ladies' Home Journal. Of her first appearance—her first song—in America and the unprecedented enthusiasm she aroused Mr. Hall entertainingly and graphically writes: "Hark to the voice! It is beginning the first bar of 'Casta Diva,' from 'Norma.' The silence in the audience is intense. She has sung only a few bars of the matchless cavatina before all music lovers recognize that while other artists have endeavored to make something out of 'Casta Diva,' Jenny Lind is embodying it. There is the gradual growth of sostenuto, then rhythmic undulating, now high notes, as triumphs of pure expression, and not of merely physical marvel, and finally birdlike ecstasy of trills. Before her is an abyss of hush, into which she pours that voice, the very soul of song. She ceases, and timidly—not proudly—bows and is retiring when the audience, not content with making the usual American demand for an encore, arises en masse, and repeats with fourfold energy and spirit the almost frantic demonstration with which it greeted Jenny Lind upon her entrance. The audience is literally wild. Never has a singer so stirred her listeners before. The thunderous applause keeps up for many minutes, until the audience seems exhausted."

"Trained musicians are praising the fluency and precision of Jenny's chromatic scales. One is emphasizing what he terms 'the inspired vitality of Lind's voice,' and the unanimous verdict seems to be that never were heard in concert room sweeter tones. Even white haired veterans, who have listened to Malibran and her sister Viardot, or to Grisi, or to Adelaide Kemble, all pronounce Jenny Lind the superior of those old time song angels in realms consecrated by Saint Cecilia."

Dr. Maurier's Portrait.

George Du Maurier's last portrait of himself pictured a man faintly resembling the author of "Trilby" and provided with the wings of an angel and the tail and hoofs of—something else. Over it he wrote: "Some seem to think he's got wings like an angel; some, that he's got a cloven foot and a forked tail. He is quite an ordinary little man. I assure you."

Due to a Squeeze in Gas Stock.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—Gage & Felton, stock brokers of this city, have been declared insolvent and their stock sold under the rules by the Stock Exchange. This firm has been one of the largest dealers in Bay State gas and it is believed that their failure is a result of the recent squeeze in that stock.

Another Bank Goes Under.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 2.—The bank of Westport, which kept its account with the failed Missouri National bank, has suspended. The failure of the Missouri National caused a run. The assets are placed at \$31,500; the liabilities at about \$20,000.

Want Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 2.—There is a well defined effort on the part of some leading sporting men here to secure the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

PIANOS

SMITH & PHILLIPS

EAST LIVERPOOL — OHIO

WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

## JUST OPENED,

Ten Cases of Men's all Leather Shoes, Strictly Solid, Fine Stock, in Pointed, Yale and Broad Toes, Lace and Congress, at only \$1.50.

These are OHIO MAKE, near home, and every pair is warranted to give satisfaction. Boys' Yale and Pointed Toes, 2 to 5 1-2, at only \$1.25. Youth's of same at only \$1.00. 600 pairs of Holiday Slippers also in opening—the finest line we ever received. Big Stock. Big Business. Save money and buy from

J. R. WARNER & CO., DIAMOND.

### Sore Throat or Tonsillitis.

This disease is found most frequently in young persons.

The symptoms are a chilly feeling with more or less aching pains in the back and limbs.

The fever rises very rapidly, especially the evening of the first day. The patient complains of soreness of the throat and difficulty in swallowing.

On examination, the tonsils are seen to be swollen and usually covered with little white points or spots about as large as a pin head. At times the tonsils are only very red and free from spots. The duration of the disease is from three to ten days.

TREATMENT: Give patient a brisk cathartic, keeping the bowels free all the time. Apply applications of some kind to the throat and give Tonsiline in doses of from a teaspoonful for an adult, down to five or ten drops for small children, as directed in table of doses. Using Tonsiline as a gargle—Tonsiline one part, water three parts—every half hour will hasten recovery. Children sometimes complain of severe earache, which can best be eased by dropping warm sweet oil into the ear every hour or two until relieved. Tonsiline is sold by all dealers. Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents.



# The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.  
[Entered as second class matter at the East Liverpool, O., postoffice.]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)  
One Year in Advance.....\$5.00  
Three Months.....1.25  
By the Week.....10

ADVERTISERS Will make note insertion, copy for ads must be in before 9 o'clock of the day on which they are to be run. A perusal of our columns will show the nearest advertisements put up in this section. Next ads take time. The earlier your copy, the more attractive your advertisement, so hurry in your 9 O'CLOCK.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, DEC. 2



COXEY thinks he would make a good presidential candidate in four years, but then Coxe has been mistaken before.

EAST LIVERPOOL may not send a thousand people to the inauguration, but the prospects are good for its representation being as enthusiastic as any on the ground.

In the silver senators are wise they will vote for a Republican tariff, and in a measure aid in repairing the damage they have been doing since they began to talk free coinage.

The Cubans are more anxious about the forthcoming message of Mr. Cleveland than they are worrying over the military movements of General Weyler. And well they may be.

With the Republican party on the safety valve the Bryanites can talk silver, anarchy, or whatever their flighty minds may desire. For a few years at least they are harmless.

AND Mr. Bryan has not yet explained why wheat is going up and silver is going down. It would seem that even the old cereal has conspired to dash a little cold water on the enthusiasm of silver.

EVANGELIST MOODY, with all the power of his mighty eloquence, is stirring New York from turret to foundation stone, and there is a suspicion that he could not have found a better place to do the stirring.

TIME was, and that not so long ago, when Columbiana county paid little attention to its representation in the legislature. Will there be the same carelessness when senator and representative are chosen next year?

The political future of President Cleveland is not as bright as a star of the first magnitude. The American people will never forget the persistency with which he urged tariff reform, and forced poverty upon the nation.

If those Democratic editors who spend their time in croaking would but forget their mental dyspepsia long enough to glance for a moment on the bright side, the communities in which they live might derive some benefit from their existence.

## A SERIOUS MISTAKE.

All patriotic people will agree that the Northwestern Ohio Teachers' association in session at Bucyrus, made a serious mistake when a resolution was passed condemning the Ohio law which compels the flying of the flag over every school building in the state every fair day school is in session. They characterize the statute as expensive and not the most expedient way of cultivating a patriotic spirit among the pupils. There is little room for argument from the standpoint of these educators. Patriotism should be taught in the schools with as much earnestness as they teach the elements of mathematics or language. It is to the children of today we must look for the patriotic men and women of the future, and if the great lesson is neglected now it cannot so well be taught in the future. And in what better way can a patriotic spirit be planted in the heart of every youth than of teaching him to respect and honor the flag of the nation? In what better way than by making it a sight as familiar as the hills and valleys of his native land can he be taught to love it? As for the expense, that is no consideration. When the great state of Ohio becomes so impoverished in principle and pocket that it cannot afford a few dollars for the purchase of the country's flags it should gather all these wisecracks who pretend to believe in patriotism, pack them in the state house, put a padlock on the door, and post a sign bearing these words: "To poor to preserve its own dignity, Ohio has gone out of business."

# FOR THE COLD WAVE.

## ZERO PRICES.

24 STORM OVERCOATS, BIG, HIGH COLLAR, Coat 52 inches in length, woolen goods, \$4.50 worth \$7.00. Zero Price

18 MEN'S BLACK BEAVER AND KERSEY Overcoats, worth \$9. Zero Price

100 MEN'S OVERCOATS, FINE ALL WOOL Kersey, Melton, Beaver Goods, Trimmed \$10 and Made No. 1, a High Grade Overcoat, worth from \$13 to \$15. Zero Price

250 FINEST CASSIMERE, CHEVIOT, WORSTED, Fancy Mixed or Plain Goods, Men's \$10 Suits, worth \$15. Zero Price

84 DOZEN MEN'S WOOLEN AND FINE MERINO Underwear, in White or Colored, worth 75 cents. Zero Price

Zero Prices in Gloves.

Zero Prices in Caps.

Zero Prices in Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

## JOSEPH BROS.

Store open every evening until 8 o'clock for the month of December, Saturdays as usual.

### Feminine Suicides.

Statistical tables yield curious information to the careful student. For instance, they show that over one-third of the women who kill themselves are not yet 25 years of age. They show that women take poison, when men shoot themselves, and they show that the poor, sick and the infirm are not by any kind of reckoning in the majority. A physician who makes a study of attempted suicide said this:

"Get a girl past 25, and she'll go through poverty, sickness and desertion and misery enough to kill ten men. The more people suffer the more they cling to life. I've seen it in hospitals. It is not the patients with the incurable diseases or the hopeless cripples who beg to die, but the young, strong, vital woman, who hates pain and doesn't want to suffer it, even for the chance of getting well. It is a strange thing, this getting of a girl past 25, but not uncommon. Any physician with a large family practice will tell you of a dozen cases in his own circle of knowledge. Sometimes it is called pyromania, sometimes kleptomania, sometimes cataplexy, sometimes hysteria, sometimes feigning and sometimes tantrums—it's all the same thing—nothing else to do." Another physician told of a girl who committed suicide and who left a note stating that her reason was that she was tired of doing the same things over and over every day. The monotony of life had become unbearable to her.—Philadelphia Times

In heraldry nine different varieties of the crown are recognized as insignia of rank—the oriental, the triumphal or Imperial, the diadem, the obisidional crown, the civic, the crown valley, the mural crown, the naval and the crown celestial.

### Sore Throat or Tonsillitis.

This disease is found most frequently in young persons. The symptoms are a chilly feeling with more or less aching pains in the back and limbs.

The fever rises very rapidly, especially the evening of the first day. The patient complains of soreness of the throat and difficulty in swallowing.

On examination, the tonsils are seen to be swollen and usually covered with little white points or spots about as large as a pin head. At times the tonsils are only very red and free from spots. The duration of the disease is from three to ten days.

TREATMENT: Give patient a brisk cathartic, keeping the bowels free all the time. Apply applications of some kind to the throat and give Tonsilline in doses of from a teaspoonful for an adult, down to five or ten drops for small children, as directed in table of doses. Using Tonsilline as a gargle—Tonsilline one part, water three parts—every half hour will hasten recovery. Children sometimes complain of severe earache, which can best be eased by dropping warm sweet oil into the ear every hour or two until relieved. Tonsilline is sold by all dealers. Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents.

### Will March in Inaugural Parade.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—The First regiment, I. N. G., will march in the inaugural parade on March 4. Governor-elect John M. Tanner will ride at the head of the Illinois militia.

### Snowstorm in Texas.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—Dispatches from various points in Southern and Central Texas indicate that a severe snowstorm, combined with a sleet and snowstorm, has prevailed throughout that section.

### The Weather.

Generally fair, possibly light local snows along the lakes; fresh to brisk westerly winds, becoming variable.

### PATH OF THE NEWS.

An earthquake shock was felt at Cairo, Ills.

Over 14,000 dockers are striking at Hamburg.

Fitzsimmons narrowly escaped being killed by a runaway team yesterday.

The new cruiser Brooklyn has been formally placed in commission.

Stallings, late manager at Detroit, is the new manager of the Philadelphia Baseball club.

Fitzsimmons and Sharkey will fight in San Francisco tonight. Betting 3 to 1 in favor of former.

Municipal elections were held throughout Massachusetts. Both Democrats and Republicans elected candidates.

Fred Matthews, a laboring man, was shot and killed by Alexander Hookberger, a 16-year-old boy, in the saloon of the boy's father.

The Chapman case will be finally decided before the cases against sugar trust magnates Seales and Havemeyer and newspaper correspondents are pursued, for not answering senate investigators of sugar trust.

# ICE INSPIRES TERROR.

Wisconsin People Badly Scared by the Big Gorge.

TOWN LIKELY TO BE SWEEPED AWAY.

Chippewa Falls Already Flooded and Likely to Be Wiped Out When the Gorge Breaks—Another Gorge Forming, Which Increases the Danger.

CHIPPWEA FALLS, Wis., Dec. 2.—The inhabitants of this little village are in a state bordering on panic. The worst of the situation is the knowledge of the impending danger and of the fact that they are utterly helpless to stay or to avert it. Those whose houses have been flooded have removed such of their household goods and belongings to higher ground and are huddled together in the schoolhouses and other vacant building out of the path of the torrent that is sweeping down several of the main streets.

All hope of breaking the ice gorge and thus allowing the pent-up water to gradually subside is now abandoned. All efforts have been directed toward removing household goods and merchandise out of the reach of the flood. Every team in the city has been engaged in this work. Every resident and business firm of River street has moved out. The Chippewa Lumber and Boom company's mill and yards are under water and all hope has been given up of saving the entire business portion of the place from being submerged and the water will soon reach the courthouse, eight blocks from the river.

A report from Little Falls says that another gorge is forming 30 miles above here and this greatly added to the alarm as in case it should break, nothing could save the city from being swept away.

Reports of a very serious nature come from down the river. The country everywhere is flooded. The gorge continues to grow in extent. It is now over five miles long and in many places 30 to 50 feet high. It completely dams the river and this is what is causing the rapid rise of the river here. The heavy rains of last week were followed by a sudden freeze, which quickly made the floating ice in the Chippewa and the swiftly running current continually added to it until it reached its present gigantic proportions. Below here the Chippewa is falling.

There is no flood at Eau Claire, but this fact is causing the people at that place much uneasiness, as it indicates that the water is being piled up as by a dam, above them. The ice pack at Badger Mills, half way between Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls, is growing in extent and everything seems to indicate that the river is choking up.

It is not believed that anything serious can happen under the present conditions for at least a day or two, and it is believed that everyone has been sufficiently warned and is in readiness to fly the moment the crash comes.

## A CURRENCY CONVENTION.

A Non-Partisan Movement Inaugurated by Prominent Men at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—Fifty-two men, representing the boards of trade and commercial bodies of 16 cities of the central west, have met in the Century club rooms at the Dennistown and issued a call for a national convention of the commercial bodies of the country to meet in this city Jan. 5, 1897, for the purpose of taking action toward securing from congress a remedy for the ills attending the present currency and banking system. The meeting was non-partisan in its character.

A permanent organization was effected by the election of ex-Governor Stanford of Missouri as chairman, and Secretary Smith of the Indianapolis board of trade as secretary.

The convention will have 1,314 delegates from 448 cities, representation as follows:

Four cities of 1,000,000 and over, 20 each, 80 delegates; 3 cities, from 400,000 to 1,000,000, 10 each, 30 delegates; 9 cities, 200,000 to 400,000 each, 72 delegates; 12 cities, 100,000 to 200,000, six each, 72 delegates; 30 cities, 50,000 to 100,000, 5 each, 150 delegates; 66 cities, 25,000 to 50,000, 4 each, 264 delegates; 92 cities, 15,000 to 25,000, 3 each, 276 delegates; 138 cities, 10,000 to 15,000, 2 each, 276 delegates; 94 cities, 5,000 to 10,000, 1 each, 94 delegates.

### Banker Esterly Dropped Dead.

COLUMBIANA, O., Dec. 2.—Johnathan Esterly, a well known banker of this place, aged 63 years, apparently in good health, dropped dead on Main street while on his return to his place of business from dinner. He was born and lived in this vicinity nearly all his life and has been carrying on a banking business for a number of years. He was a widower, leaving four children, one son and three daughters. Mr. Esterly was a staunch friend of Hon. William McKinley.

## CONFESSES HE STOLE DIAMONDS.

A Lebanon (O.) Saloonkeeper Admits the Cincinnati Robbery.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—Thos. Frazier, a saloonkeeper of Lebanon, O., has given himself up to the police, saying that he stole the tray of diamond rings from Oskamp's jewelry store last week. It will be recalled that a thief entered the store and took from the case a tray of rings, which he secreted in an adjoining building, where they were found shortly afterward.

He said he was not able to sleep, and thought it better to confess. He says a sudden impulse seized him to steal the rings. He has been locked up.

### New Cabinet Position Proposed.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—The Cincinnati chamber of commerce passed a resolution petitioning congress to create a new cabinet position, that of commerce and manufactures, to be presided over by a secretary. It also passed a resolution appealing to the national board of trade to adopt a like resolution and petition congress as its meeting at Washington Jan. 26, 1897.

### Charged With Joy's Murder.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—A charge of murder has been placed against William Farrell and Pat Muldoon, who claimed to have discovered Thomas Joy at Muldoon's door just after he had been fatally shot. It is claimed that several witnesses heard quarreling in Muldoon's saloon just before the shot was fired.

### Two Hundred Miners Escaped.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 2.—Mine No. 10 of the Central Ohio Fuel company, near Glenster, O., has caught fire, burning the tipples and enginehouse and entering the mine. The 200 employees escaped via the air shaft.

### HAPPENED IN THIS STATE.

At Gallipolis Oscar Johnston was caught robbing the pharmacy of C. D. Kerr and lies in jail.

William Laclede, a well known machinist, was ground to pieces under a Baltimore and Ohio freight train at Zanesville.

Dr. W. M. Cochran, aged 33, married, died of diphtheria at Butler. There have been no school, church or Sunday school services held for a month on account of the disease.

John Angell of Angell, near Gallipolis, was playing about a fireplace and fell into the grate and was literally roasted before his parents heard his screams. He died suffering agonizing tortures.

As Mr. Aultman Lang was on his way to church at Manchester he was hit in the face with a rock and badly hurt as he was passing a dark alley. The wouldbe robber ran when he saw that he did not knock his man down.

For over six months Frank Day, a clerk in the Big Four shops at Bellefontaine, and Miss Minna More, a winsome daughter of Mr. F. O. More, have been married and not one of their many friends knew anything about it until now.

Suit has been entered at Tiffin by Mrs. Clara Orwig against William Setchell, for \$1,000 damages, for injuries she received from the discharge of a shotgun in the hands of Setchell, who was discharging the gun in a yard adjoining the Orwig yard.

### NO HELP TO THE BLIND.

Nikola Tesla Says the X-Ray Cannot Make Them See.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The Electrical Review publishes an exhaustive communication from Nikola Tesla regarding the X-ray. The inventor, in referring to the recently widely heralded experiment for making the blind see by means of the Roentgen rays, regretfully remarks:

"Is it not cruel to raise such hopes when there is so little ground for it? For, first of all, the rays are not demonstrated to be transverse vibrations. If they were, we would have to find means for refracting them to make possible the projection of a sufficiently small image upon the retina. As it is, only a shadow of a very small object can be projected. What possible good can result from the application of these rays to such purposes? I cannot confirm some of the experiments reported. For instance, when a hand is put before the closed eyes it is easy to distinguish the shadow, much the same as before the light of a candle; but, when the tube is inclosed, and all light from the same excluded, I fail to get such an impression. The latter is, therefore, chiefly due to ordinary light."

### Wanted a Tariff on Lumber.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—A call for a national convention of lumber interests to be held at Cincinnati, Dec. 15, to urge a restoration of the tariff on lumber has been issued.

### The Wire Nail Trust Ended.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—At a meeting of the Wire Nail Manufacturers' association at the Waldorf hotel it was voted to dissolve the organization.

## SAVAGE ISLANDERS.

THE MAN EATING NATIVES OF THE ISLAND OF GUADALCANAR.

Hostile Mountain Tribes That Present the Exploration of Territory That the Spanish Discovered Over Three Hundred Years Ago—Persistent Mr. Woodford.

A few years ago the English and the Germans divided the beautiful group of the Solomon islands between themselves and then looked around to see if their new acquisition was really worth anything. They decided that the islands were lovely to the eye and good enough to keep, but that the natives were the wildest and most untamable savages they had ever met. It was all a man's life was worth to venture among them. A gunboat or two have been kept in the neighborhood of late years, but these have not prevented the head hunters and cannibals from looting off a white man's head on every convenient occasion.

The scene of the latest native exploit is the large island of Guadalcanar. Several members of an Austrian scientific expedition, while climbing the mountain known as the Lion's Head early in August, 1896, were attacked by the bushmen or island natives. Five of the party were killed and six were wounded, including two guides and some sailors. A simultaneous attack was made upon the climbers and the small party they had left in camp below. Of course the natives were no match for guns, and they were soon driven into the bush, but not before they had inflicted terrible loss. Among the killed was Baron von Norbeck.

The Lion's head is in the very heart of the island, being almost equidistant between the sides and ends of Guadalcanar. No white man had ever been there before. No white man had ever penetrated the interior before except Mr. C. M. Woodford, and he went only about 15 miles inland, ascending the Aola river. Then he had to turn back for excellent reasons, in which the natives were concerned. But we must not forget poor Benjamin Boyd, who disappeared among the coast woods and was never seen again. It is said that this well to do Briton intended to declare the island annexed to his country on the strength of his landing there. At any rate he landed with his shotgun and said he was going to shoot a mess of pigeons, and that was the last that was ever seen of poor Ben Boyd. For some years presents were made to the coast natives marked "B. B." and "Ben Boyd, we are looking for you," but nothing was ever heard of his fate.

The island is about 80 miles long and 40 wide, and it is one of the southern Solomons, in the British territory. A large map has been made of it, chiefly white, for all that it shows is the coasts, the mouth of the rivers, the mountains that can be seen from the sea, and the two little rivers that Woodford has explored. All the rest is blank. Lion's head is a prominent feature, and it is estimated to be 5,500 feet high.

In 1886 Mr. Woodford attempted to reach Lion's head, but was prevented by the hostility of these mountain tribes, who brought the Austrian party to grief, and by the timidity of his guides. But he lived six months among the coast natives at the little town of Aola. By means of most liberal presents he made friends with the natives there. They never stole anything from his hut, and he often induced them to accompany him on small trips into the country.

The people living inland usually ran into the bush when they saw him coming, but their fears were allayed by his native friends, who would shout that he was a good white man who bought butterflies, birds, snakes and stone axes and measured the water. But the people of the mountains still farther inland could not be mollified, and all his attempts to reach Lion's head and the still higher mountain of Lammas resulted in failure. The farther he and his coast natives went up the river Aola in their canoes the more timid his escort became. They rounded every bend in the river with spears poised and keeping a good lookout.

Any white man on the coasts of the Solomon group must be constantly on his guard. If he attempts to go inland and ascend a mountain, his life is hardly worth purchasing, even though a man-of-war may be lying in a neighboring harbor ready to burn a dozen villages if any harm is done. This is the mistake the Austrian party made. The natives are very superstitious about the mountain tops. Some dread object, a huge fish or clam or a devil, always lives there, and woe will betide the whole island if his peace is disturbed.

Cannibalism is very common, and bodies are hawked about for sale from town to town. Not a few white traders and natives coming to the Solomon islands on vessels have been killed solely for their heads, for all these natives, like many other savages in the Pacific, regard a collection of human heads as a treasure beyond price. Men-of-war always visit the coast after these murders, but they are usually unable to capture the culprits, as the natives invariably retire into the bush when they see a warship coming. While ago the English did catch one of the murderers. They got together a large crowd of the natives, and most impressively shot the criminal, but no deep moral effect seems to have been produced.

In 1888 Mr. Woodford again visited the islands, and again he failed to reach the mountains of Guadalcanar. The Austrians reached the mountains, but paid a terrible price for it. So these islands, discovered by the Spanish more than 300 years ago, are still almost as little known, excepting their coast lines, as the antarctic continent.—New York Sun.

## JENNY LIND'S DEBUT.

Never Has a Prima Donna So Charmed an American Audience.

Hon. A. Oakley Hall writes of "When Jenny Lind Sang in Castle Garden," for The Ladies' Home Journal. Of her first appearance—her first song—in America and the unprecedented enthusiasm she aroused Mr. Hall entertainingly and graphically writes: "Hark to the voice! It is beginning the first bar of 'Casta Diva,' from 'Norma.' The silence in the audience is intense. She has sung only a few bars of the matchless cavatina before all music lovers recognize that while other artists have endeavored to make something out of 'Casta Diva,' Jenny Lind is embodying it. There is the gradual growth of sonnetato, then rhythmic undulating, now high notes, as triumphs of pure expression, and not of merely physical marvel, and finally birdlike ecstasy of trills. Before her is an abyss of hush, into which she pours that voice, the very soul of song. She ceases, and timidly—not proudly—bows and is retiring when the audience, not content with making the usual American demand for an encore, arises en masse, and repeats with fourfold energy and spirit the almost frantic demonstration with which it greeted Jenny Lind upon her entrance. The audience is literally wild. Never has a singer so stirred her listeners before. The thunderous applause keeps up for many minutes, until the audience seems exhausted."

"Trained musicians are praising the fluency and precision of Jenny's chromatic scales. One is emphasizing what he terms 'the inspired vitality of Lind's voice,' and the unanimous verdict seems to be that never were heard in concert room sweeter tones. Even white haired veterans, who have listened to Malibran and her sister Viardot, or to Grisi, or to Adelaide Kemble, all pronounce Jenny Lind the superior of those old time song angels in realms consecrated by Saint Cecilia."

### Du Maurier's Portrait.

George Du Maurier's last portrait of himself pictured a man faintly resembling the author of "Trilby" and provided with the wings of an angel and the tail and hoofs of something else. Over it he wrote: "Some seem to think he's got wings like an angel; some, that he's got a cloven foot and a forked tail. He is quite an ordinary little man. I assure you."

### Due to a Squeeze in Gas Stock.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—Gage & Felton, stock brokers of this city, have been declared insolvent and their stock sold under the rules by the Stock Exchange. This firm has been one of the largest dealers in Bay State gas and it is believed that their failure is a result of the recent squeeze in that stock.

### Another Bank Goes Under.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 2.—The bank of Westport, which kept its account with the failed Missouri National bank, has suspended. The failure of the Missouri National caused a run. The assets are placed at \$31,500; the liabilities at about \$20,000.

### Want Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 2.—There is a well defined effort on the part of some leading sporting men here to secure the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.



# JUST OPENED,

Ten Cases of Men's all Leather Shoes, Strictly Solid, Fine Stock, in Pointed, Yale and Broad Toes, Lace and Congress, at only \$1.50.

These are OHIO MAKE, near home, and every pair is warranted to give satisfaction. Boys' Yale and Pointed Toes, 2 to 5 1-2, at only \$1.25. Youth's of same at only \$1.00. 600 pairs of Holiday Slippers also in opening—the finest line we ever received. Big Stock. Big Business. Save money and buy from

J. R. WARNER & CO., DIAMOND.



149 Fifth St.—204 Market St



## WHY WILLIAMS QUIT.

He Became Persona Non Grata to Spain.

HIS POLICY WAS TOO VIGOROUS.

He Defended Americans Under a Strict Interpretation of the Treaty Provisions. Knew Too Much of Spain's Bloody Actions Toward Americans.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Ramon O. Williams, ex-consul general of the United States at Havana, has arrived at his home in Brooklyn from a trip through England, France and Spain. He consented to talk for the first time concerning the circumstances of his resignation from office last year, which was surrounded by some mystery and the reasons for which have not before been made public. There was talk at the time that Mr. Williams and Secretary of State Gresham differed regarding the policy of this government toward American citizens, but General Williams declined to discuss that point. He said that his resignation was given because his activity in the cases of American citizens under arrest made him persona non grata to the Spanish government and made his residence in Havana unpleasant. The particular episode in which Mr. Williams incurred the dislike of Spain, he says, was his insistence that Sanguilly Aguirre and Carrillo, who were arrested Feb. 24, 1895, as insurgents and court-martialed should be tried in the civil courts, under article 7 of the treaty of 1795.

Mr. Williams said: "Both the captain general and the insular secretary of state were entirely ignorant of the existence of article 7. The captain general became offended because I demanded the transfer from military to civil jurisdiction, and the case was reported in such a manner to the Madrid government as to almost provoke the revocation of my resignation."

"I was guided in this by a recollection of similar cases which had come under my notice in Cuba. I was a young man, employed as clerk in Havana in 1851 when the Crittenden men were shot, regardless of the treaty of 1795. I was a merchant in Havana when the Virginian men were shot in 1873, an almost similar case."

"Again while I was there Zecane, an Italian-American citizen, who had gone, representing certain Spanish elements, to negotiate terms of peace, with the insurgents in the eastern department during the last insurrection in 1878, was arrested by the Spanish forces, tried by court-martial, condemned to death and shot in the fort at Cabanas, where Sanguilly and the Competitor prisoners are now held, regardless of the safeguards of the treaty of 1795 and the safe conduct given to him by the Spanish minister at Washington. The recollection of these cases enabled me to make quick and earnest defense of these men, and it was this action on my part that gave offense to the Spanish authorities in Cuba."

"I was then in Washington. Acting on the rule that no man of self respect would return to or enter any place where he believes he is persona non grata, and therefore not welcome, I resolved not to continue longer in the position of consul general to the island and signified my desire to resign."

The circumstances, however, were of such a character that I went back to Havana, resumed charge of the office and continued the defense of Sanguilly until the case was transferred to the civil courts. "A few weeks before this the case of the American citizen, Jose Cepro, who had been arrested and subjected to court-martial, and several other American citizens, had been treated the same way, and in consequence I was not able to present my resignation in due form until February, 1896."

Mr. Williams said that he returned to Havana only on the earnest solicitation of President Cleveland himself and added that Secretary Gresham's subsequent illness and death occurred too soon to admit of his personally explaining to the secretary his views on the matter.

TRYING TO STARVE MACEO.

Weyler Burning Provisions—Women Outraged and Murdered.

KEY WEST, Dec. 2.—Weyler's threat that he would starve Maceo out seems likely to be carried out, as from all reports from Mariel, near where Weyler now is, the Spanish are burning cattle, provisions and everything they cannot use.

People vainly implore Weyler to leave them provisions to keep them alive, but his brutal officers refuse with oaths and insulting words, if not worse.

A Spanish guerrilla captain named Colzazo is accused of murdering over 100 persons in the valleys 100 miles south of Mariel during the latter part of November. In one instance he is accused of confining a number of women and girls in a church, and after they had been repeatedly abused and maltreated by his men burned the building with them in it.

THE GOLD DEMOCRATS.

A Likelihood That the Party Will Continue Its Organization.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—William D. Byrum, chairman of the national committee of the National Gold Democratic party, who has been in the east ten days conferring with the leading men in the party, has returned home and announces that he had called a meeting of the executive committee of the party for this city Dec. 10.

The committee at this meeting will probably decide on the course of the party. From all over there has come a demand that the organization be made permanent and remain in fighting trim long as the free silver Democrats continue to talk fight and it seems certain that this will be the policy decided upon.

Two Firemen Killed.

EVERETT, Mass., Dec. 2.—Engineer Dennett and Driver Walter Stevens of the fire department of this city have been killed while responding to an alarm of fire.

## THE PUBLIC DEBT.

A Statement Issued Showing Its Condition Nov. 30.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The statement of the public debt shows that on Nov. 30, the debt, less cash in the treasury amounted to \$995,769,159, an increase for the month of \$3,270,203. This increase is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the amount of cash on hand.

The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest bearing debt, \$847,364,520; debt on which interest ceased since maturity, \$1,591,620; debt bearing no interest, \$372,170,117; total, \$1,221,126,257.

This, however, does not include \$567,523,925, in certificates and treasury notes which are outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The cash in the treasury is recapitulated as follows, cents omitted:

Gold, \$169,527,101; silver, \$509,980,450; paper, \$129,616,155; bonds, disbursing officers balances, etc., \$17,137,872. Total, \$835,961,579; against which there are demand liabilities amounting to \$610,604,481, which leaves a cash balance in the treasury of \$225,357,098.

STUMP'S TRIP A SUCCESS.

Italy Agrees to Restrict Immigration Under Our Laws.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Commissioner General Stump of the immigration bureau has returned to Washington after an absence of about two months in Europe. Mr. Stump visited several European capitals for the purpose of explaining to the authorities the workings of our immigration laws, with a view to securing such action on the part of European governments as would prevent the departure from their ports for the United States of such classes of immigrants as are debarred from landing by our laws.

Mr. Stump was successful in his mission, as the Italian government already has given instructions to the proper officials not to issue passports to passengers for the United States who are not clearly entitled to land under existing laws and regulations.

MONEY IN CIRCULATION.

The Monthly Statement Issued by the Comptroller of the Currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that on Nov. 30 the amount of national bank notes in circulation was \$235,312,103, an increase for the month of \$414,446, and for the last 12 months of \$21,440,907. The amount of circulation based on United States bonds was \$216,609,684, an increase for the month of \$99,670, and for the last 12 months of \$26,140,158.

The amount of circulation secured by lawful money was \$18,702,419, an increase for the month of \$314,776, and for the last 12 months of \$4,699,351. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$241,372,150, and to secure public deposits, \$15,903,000.

Coinage of the Mints.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The statement of the director of the mints shows that during the month of November, 1896, the total coinage at the mints of the United States was \$7,458,723, of which \$5,064,700 was gold, \$2,305,022 silver and \$89,000 minor coins. The coinage of standard silver dollars during the month was \$1,914,000.

2,500 ARMENIANS STARVING.

A Distressing Telegram Received in Boston From Bitlis.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—The American board of foreign missions has received a cablegram from a representative of the international relief committee in Constantinople stating that an appeal had been received from Bitlis, Eastern Turkey, in behalf of 2,000 orphans and 500 widows, many of whom were driven from their homes, where their husbands, fathers and brothers were killed.

The cablegram also stated that these people are wandering about the streets of Bitlis, begging for food and clothing. The missionaries here have requested that aid be sent through the American board as soon as possible.

No Sympathy For Armenians.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Chauncey M. Depew says he is astounded that so little interest is taken in the Armenian distress by the people of this city. He went to Hoyt's Theater to preside at a sale of boxes for an entertainment in aid of destitute Armenians and found just 13 people in the hall, most of whom were poor Armenians.

The Priests Sustained.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Dec. 2.—The final decision in the case of Bishop Bonacum and his priests, Fathers Murphy and Fitzgerald, has been rendered. The priests are sustained at every material point by both church and civil courts. They denied the bishop's authority to expel them from the priesthood.

Ohio Southern Interest Defaulted.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Interest on Ohio Southern first mortgage 6 per cent bonds has been defaulted. Payments of the June coupon have been recently completed. The default is attributed in part to a strike in the coal regions through which the road traverses.

\$100,000 Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Fire gutted the four-story building at 747 Broadway and did \$100,000 damage to the structure and its contents. Foreman Charles L. Kelley, of engine company No. 2, was badly injured.

Mrs. Drayton to Marry Again.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Augusta Drayton, the eldest daughter of Mrs. William Astor, is about to be married again to Mr. George Haig, a Scotchman of position and a whisky merchant in London.

A Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—Fire in the coal sheds of the Boston and Maine railroad, at the rear of the state prison at Charlestown, did \$50,000 damage.

Dan Stuart's Illness.

DALLAS, Dec. 2.—The reported illness of Dan Stuart was merely a temporary recurrence of an old stomach trouble. He is on the streets again.

## DINGLEY BILL A LAW.

This Is What Senator Hale Expects to See.

SAYS CLEVELAND WILL SIGN IT.

Democrats Won't Obstruct and Some Silver Republicans Will Vote For It. Senator Cannon Differs With Him. Appropriation Bills.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Senator Hale has expressed the opinion that the senate will take up, and he hoped, pass the Dingley bill at the session to begin next Monday.

"We ought to have it," said he, "for the treasury reports show the great need of more revenue. While I would not attempt to speak for all of them, I am satisfied that some of the silver Republicans will give their assistance to the passage of the bill, and I cannot believe that the Democrats would put any unusual obstructions in the way of the necessity of the measure. Furthermore I am quite persuaded that Mr. Cleveland would not veto the bill if it should be presented to him."

Senator Cannon of Utah, who has reached Washington, and who was one of the Republican silver senators who joined the Democrats last session in defeating the consideration of the Dingley tariff bill and who subsequently booted the St. Louis convention, says that the reasons which induced him to vote against that measure at the last session are accentuated now by the discovery that some of the interests which last session favored its immediate enactment are now opposed to it. This, he says, is especially true of the wool industry on the ground that present enactment of the Dingley bill would delay the enactment of a satisfactory tariff measure containing adequate protection for the woolgrowers and in the end might defeat a complete tariff revision on protective lines. He is not inclined to believe that a serious effort will be made to pass the Dingley bill at this session.

Chairman Cannon of the appropriations committee, in speaking of the work of his committee, said: "Through the courtesy of the treasury department the committee on appropriations has on hand advance copies of the estimates covering all the bills over which that committee had jurisdiction. The various sub-committees no doubt will make considerable progress in analyzing these statements before congress meets on next Monday."

"It would not be proper for me at this time to speak of the details of any of these estimates, but as published recently the estimates for fortifications amount to something more than \$15,000,000. At the last session of congress there was an important departure from the methods of appropriations for fortifications by giving to the secretary of war authority to enter into contracts for material and labor for the construction of gun and mortar batteries at the important ports of our seacoast to the extent of \$2,500,000. Just what the department has done in the way of acting under this authority has not been developed."

"The committee possibly will be enabled to have the pension appropriation bill ready to report to the house on the first or second day of this session. They expect to have the legislative bill in condition to report by the middle or last of the first week of congress."

"What in your judgment will be the policy of the committee touching liberal appropriations for the public service?"

"It is perfectly well understood that the revenues received by the government are not equal to the expenditures and that the expenditures have been and are being paid from the proceeds of money borrowed at interest. Keeping this condition in view, in my judgment, the congress will provide by appropriation for an effective public service, taking care, however, to avoid extravagance and limiting appropriations to the requirements of the government economically administered."

The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows that during November, 1896, the total receipts were \$25,210,696, and the expenditures, \$32,200,720. The receipts for the five months of the fiscal year amount to \$131,650,459, and the expenditures, \$171,597,335. The deficit for the month of November therefore is \$39,946,846, as compared with \$15,869,337 for the corresponding five months of last year. The receipts from the customs during November amounted to \$9,930,385; from internal revenue, \$13,104,828; and from miscellaneous sources, \$2,175,482. This is a loss in customs as compared with November, 1895, of \$1,524,929, a gain from internal revenue of \$64,744, and a gain of \$684,379 from miscellaneous sources.

UNDECIDED ABOUT CUBA.

All the President's Message Finished, Except That Feature.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—With one exception the President's message is practically complete and awaiting only a few finishing touches. This exception is most important for it concerns the treatment of the Cuban question. In the natural order of things this subject coming under the head of foreign relations would occupy a most prominent place in the very beginning of the message and so might be expected to receive early treatment at the hands of the President.

There is still a gap in that part of the message, however, notwithstanding several efforts have been made to close it up for the varying phases of the campaign now in progress in Cuba have made it necessary to change considerably the views the President and Secretary Olney desire to lay before congress in that connection and probably it will not be until the end of this week and at the very last moment that the missing paragraphs will be supplied. Of course any expression of opinion as to the nature of the President's views respecting Cuba are only speculative at present, but so far there can be found no warrant for the assumption that he has determined upon any decided change in the policy to be pursued by the administration in this matter.

## GOOD, BUT NOT GOOD ENOUGH.

Roosevelt and Others Testify as to the Raines Law.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Chief of Police Conlin when questioned by the senate special committee now in session here pursuing an inquiry into the operations of the Raines excise law, said:

"Judging from the number of arrests for excise violations and selling without a license, I should say that there were fewer places where drinks could be had on Sunday."

Father Doyle, pastor of the Church of the Paulist Fathers, and prominent in Roman Catholic temperance work, said: "It is my firm conviction that Sunday drunkenness has increased very much under the new law."

Theodore Roosevelt, president of the board of police commissioners, took the witness chair and went into a long recital of the violations, arrests and alleged discrimination against liquor dealers not affiliated with Tammany Hall.

Here the commissioner read off a number of arrests made by the police and which arrests were afterward nullified by the action of the police magistrates.

The commissioner said that the bonds between the police and the saloonkeeper had been broken and has reduced political corruption to a minimum.

"Having spoken freely in criticism of the new law, I feel that I ought to say this: 'I would rather have the new law with its many defects than the old law.'"

"I would further suggest that there ought to be a law discriminating between the man who goes to a family resort with his wife and children and makes the occasion a holiday or a outing. I say this although realizing how difficult it might be to frame such a measure."

HANNA AND MCKINLEY CONFER.

Former Soon Goes to Washington—May Hear a Message to Sherman.

CANTON, O., Dec. 2.—Hon. M. A. Hanna and Major McKinley have had a conference. Mr. Hanna will probably go to Washington Friday to make arrangements for the inauguration.

The approaching departure of Chairman Hanna for Washington has renewed the gossip concerning the cabinet appointments of President-elect McKinley. It is confidently believed that when he goes to Washington he will bear with him a message from Mr. McKinley, offering the position of secretary of state to Senator Sherman. With respect to the possibility of Senator Sherman accepting the place, Colonel Allan T. Brinsmade, who is a warm friend of Mr. Sherman, said that the senator was willing to bow to the will of his constituents. If they desired him to remain in the senate he would do so, but if they wished otherwise he would acquiesce without a murmur.

The gossip now connects the name of a California man with a cabinet position. Judge Waymire of San Francisco, who was a member of the advisory committee during the recent campaign is named by a close friend of the president-elect as the one likely to get such an appointment. He is slated either for secretary of the interior or secretary of agriculture.

An Alleged Forger Caught.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—An arrest which the police believe to be a very important one has been made in the general postoffice. The prisoner is Richard G. Monks, alias Wellington Thornewaite, who is wanted for forgery in Bay City, Mich., and if the contents of his pockets show anything, he has been operating on a very extensive scale.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 1.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 96c; No. 2 red, 94c; No. 3 red, 92c; No. 4 red, 90c; No. 5 red, 88c; No. 6 red, 86c; No. 7 red, 84c; No. 8 red, 82c; No. 9 red, 80c; No. 10 red, 78c; No. 11 red, 76c; No. 12 red, 74c; No. 13 red, 72c; No. 14 red, 70c; No. 15 red, 68c; No. 16 red, 66c; No. 17 red, 64c; No. 18 red, 62c; No. 19 red, 60c; No. 20 red, 58c; No. 21 red, 56c; No. 22 red, 54c; No. 23 red, 52c; No. 24 red, 50c; No. 25 red, 48c; No. 26 red, 46c; No. 27 red, 44c; No. 28 red, 42c; No. 29 red, 40c; No. 30 red, 38c; No. 31 red, 36c; No. 32 red, 34c; No. 33 red, 32c; No. 34 red, 30c; No. 35 red, 28c; No. 36 red, 26c; No. 37 red, 24c; No. 38 red, 22c; No. 39 red, 20c; No. 40 red, 18c; No. 41 red, 16c; No. 42 red, 14c; No. 43 red, 12c; No. 44 red, 10c; No. 45 red, 8c; No. 46 red, 6c; No. 47 red, 4c; No. 48 red, 2c; No. 49 red, 0c; No. 50 red, 0c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 31c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 30c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 29c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 28c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 27c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 26c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 25c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 24c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 23c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 22c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 21c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 20c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 19c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 18c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 17c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 16c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 15c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 14c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 13c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 12c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 11c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 10c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 9c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 8c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 7c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 6c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 5c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 4c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 3c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 2c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 1c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 0c; No. 2 yellow ear, old, 0c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24c; No. 2 white, 23c; No. 3 white, 22c; No. 4 white, 21c; No. 5 white, 20c; No. 6 white, 19c; No. 7 white, 18c; No. 8 white, 17c; No. 9 white, 16c; No. 10 white, 15c; No. 11 white, 14c; No. 12 white, 13c; No. 13 white, 12c; No. 14 white, 11c; No. 15 white, 10c; No. 16 white, 9c; No. 17 white, 8c; No. 18 white, 7c; No. 19 white, 6c; No. 20 white, 5c; No. 21 white, 4c; No. 22 white, 3c; No. 23 white, 2c; No. 24 white, 1c; No. 25 white, 0c; No. 26 white, 0c; No. 27 white, 0c; No. 28 white, 0c; No. 29 white, 0c; No. 30 white, 0c; No. 31 white, 0c; No. 32 white, 0c; No. 33 white, 0c; No. 34 white, 0c; No. 35 white, 0c; No. 36 white, 0c; No. 37 white, 0c; No. 38 white, 0c; No. 39 white, 0c; No. 40 white, 0c; No. 41 white, 0c; No. 42 white, 0c; No. 43 white, 0c; No. 44 white, 0c; No. 45 white, 0c; No. 46 white, 0c; No. 47 white, 0c; No. 48 white, 0c; No. 49 white, 0c; No. 50 white, 0c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 55c; No. 1 live chickens, 50c; No. 2 live chickens, 45c; No. 3 live chickens, 40c; No. 4 live chickens, 35c; No. 5 live chickens, 30c; No. 6 live chickens, 25c; No. 7 live chickens, 20c; No. 8 live chickens, 15c; No. 9 live chickens, 10c; No. 10 live chickens, 5c; No. 11 live chickens, 0c; No. 12 live chickens, 0c; No. 13 live chickens, 0c; No. 14 live chickens, 0c; No. 15 live chickens, 0c; No. 16 live chickens, 0c; No. 17 live chickens, 0c; No. 18 live chickens, 0c; No. 19 live chickens, 0c; No. 20 live chickens, 0c; No. 21 live chickens, 0c; No. 22 live chickens, 0c; No. 23 live chickens, 0c; No. 24 live chickens, 0c; No. 25 live chickens, 0c; No. 26 live chickens, 0c; No. 27 live chickens, 0c; No. 28 live chickens, 0c; No. 29 live chickens, 0c; No. 30 live chickens, 0c; No. 31 live chickens, 0c; No. 32 live chickens, 0c; No. 33 live chickens, 0c; No. 34 live chickens, 0c; No. 35 live chickens, 0c; No. 36 live chickens, 0c; No. 37 live chickens, 0c; No. 38 live chickens, 0c; No. 39 live chickens, 0c; No. 40 live chickens, 0c; No. 41 live chickens, 0c; No. 42 live chickens, 0c; No. 43 live chickens, 0c; No. 44 live chickens, 0c; No. 45 live chickens, 0c; No. 46 live chickens, 0c; No. 47 live chickens, 0c; No. 48 live chickens, 0c; No. 49 live chickens, 0c; No. 50 live chickens, 0c.

GAME—Pheasants, \$1.50; No. 1, \$1.25; No. 2, \$1.00; No. 3, \$0.75; No. 4, \$0.50; No. 5, \$0.25; No. 6, \$0.00; No. 7, \$0.00; No. 8, \$0.00; No. 9, \$0.00; No. 10, \$0.00; No. 11, \$0.00; No. 12, \$0.00; No. 13, \$0.00; No. 14, \$0.00; No. 15, \$0.00; No. 16, \$0.00; No. 17, \$0.00; No. 18, \$0.00; No. 19, \$0.00; No. 20, \$0.00; No. 21, \$0.00; No. 22, \$0.00; No. 23, \$0.00; No. 24, \$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 26c; do creamery, 25c; Ohio fancy creamery, 24c; fancy country roll, 19c; low grade and cooking, 18c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 14c; No. 1, 13c; No. 2, 12c; No. 3, 11c; No. 4, 10c; No. 5, 9c; No. 6, 8c; No. 7, 7c; No. 8, 6c; No. 9, 5c; No. 10, 4c; No. 11, 3c; No. 12, 2c; No. 13, 1c; No. 14, 0c; No. 15, 0c; No. 16, 0c; No. 17, 0c; No. 18, 0c; No. 19, 0c; No. 20, 0c; No. 21, 0c; No. 22, 0c; No. 23, 0c; No. 24, 0c; No. 25, 0c; No. 26, 0c; No. 27, 0c; No. 28, 0c; No. 29, 0c; No. 30, 0c; No. 31, 0c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 21c; No. 1, 20c; No. 2, 19c; No. 3, 18c; No. 4, 17c; No. 5, 16c; No. 6, 15c; No. 7, 14c; No. 8, 13c; No. 9, 12c; No. 10, 11c; No. 11, 10c; No. 12, 9c; No. 13, 8c; No. 14, 7c; No. 15, 6c; No. 16, 5c; No. 17, 4c; No. 18, 3c; No. 19, 2c; No. 20, 1c; No. 21, 0c; No. 22, 0c; No. 23, 0c; No. 24, 0c; No. 25, 0c; No. 26, 0c; No. 27, 0c; No. 28, 0c; No. 29, 0c; No. 30, 0c; No. 31, 0c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday fair, 80 cars on sale; market strong to higher; supply light; market steady. We quote prices as follows: Prime, \$1.50; No. 1, \$1.40; No. 2, \$1.30; No. 3, \$1.20; No. 4, \$1.10; No. 5, \$1.00; No. 6, \$0.90; No. 7, \$0.80; No. 8, \$0.70; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.50; No. 11, \$0.40; No. 12, \$0.30; No. 13, \$0.20; No. 14, \$0.10; No. 15, \$0.00; No. 16, \$0.00; No. 17, \$0.00; No. 18, \$0.00; No. 19, \$0.00; No. 20, \$0.00; No. 21, \$0.00; No. 22, \$0.00; No. 23, \$0.00; No. 24, \$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market strong for prime and light Yorkers; other grades slow. We would quote: Pigs, \$3.80; No. 1, \$3.70; No. 2, \$3.60; No. 3, \$3.50; No. 4, \$3.40; No. 5, \$3.30; No. 6, \$3.2



